## IN THE CLAIMS

The following is an amended copy of the claims in the application corresponding to the amended sheet of claims filed with the filing of the subject international application No. PCST/KR2004/000860 under 35 USC 371. The transmittal letter also identifies the attached amended claims which we believe should have been made of record. The amendment to the original claims are shown below using underlining to identify additions and strike-through to identify deletions.

## **LISTING OF CLAIMS**

- 1. (currently amended) A resin composition for a An organic mold for used in forming micropattems, fabricated from a resin composition comprising which comprises:
- (A) 40 to 90 parts by weight of an active energy curable urethane- based oligomer having a reactive group selected from the group consisting of (meth)acrylate, vinylether, arylether, and a combination thereof;
- (B) 10 to 60 parts by weight of a monomer reactive with the urethane- based oligomer, having a reactive group selected from the group consisting of (meth)acrylate, vinylether, arylether, and a combination thereof;
- (C) 0.01 to 200 parts by weight of a silicone or fluorine containing compound, based on 100 parts of the sum of the components (A) and (B); and
- (D) 0.1 to 10 parts by weight of a photoinitiator, based on 100 parts of the sum of the components (A), (B) and (C).

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- 2. (currently amended) The composition organic mold according to claim 1, wherein the active energy curable urethane-based oligomer used in the resin composition is selected from the group consisting of linear aliphatic, cycloaliphatic and aromatic urethane-based oligomers having at least two reactive groups, and a mixture thereof.
- 3. (currently amended) The composition organic mold according to claim 1, wherein the resin composition which further comprises at least one reactive oligomer selected from the group consisting of a (meth)acrylated polyester, (meth)acrylated polyether, (meth)acrylated epoxy, (meth)acrylated polycarbonate, (meth)acrylated polybutadiene, and a mixture thereof, as a partial substituent of Component A.
- 4. (currently amended) The composition organic mold according to claim 1, wherein the (meth)acrylate used as Component B in the resin composition is selected from the group consisting of isobomyl acrylate, 1,6- hexanediol acrylate, triethyleneglycol di(meth)acrylate, trimethylol propane triacrylate, tetraethyleneglycol di(meth)acrylate, 1,3-butanediol diacrylate, 1,4- butanediol diacrylate, diethyleneglycol diacrylate, neopentylglycol di(meth)acrylate, polyethyleneglycol di(meth)acrylate pentaerythritol triacrylate, dipentaerythritol (hydroxy) pentaacrylate, alkoxylated tetraacrylate, octadecyl acrylate, isodecyl acrylate, lauryl acrylate, stearyl acrylate, behenyl acrylate, styrenic monomer, and a mixture thereof.
- 5. (currently amended) The composition organic mold according to claim 1, wherein the vinyl ether used as Component B in the resin composition is selected from

the group consisting of cyclohexyl vinyl ether, 2-ethylhexyl vinyl ether, dodecyl vinyl ether, 1,4-butanediol divinyl ether, 1,4 hexanediol divinyl ether, diethylene glycol divinyl ether, ethyleneglycol buty vinyl ether, ethyleneglycol divinyl ether, triethyleneglycol methylvinyl ether triethyleneglycol divinyl ether, trimethylol propane trivinyl ether, 1,4 cyclohexane dimethanol divinyl ether, and a mixture thereof.

- 6. (currently amended) The composition organic mold according to claim 1, wherein the aryl ether used as Component B in the resin composition is selected from the group consisting of aryl propyl ether, ary butyl ether, pentaerythritol triary ether, and a mixture thereof.
- 7. (currently amended) The composition organic mold according to claim 1, wherein the silicone or fluorine containing compound used in the resin composition is at least one component selected from:
- (i) a silicone-containing reactive compound monomer or oligomer selected from the group consisting of a silicone-containing vinyl derivative, silicone containing (meth)acrylate, (meth)acryloxy-containing organosiloxane silicone polyacrylate, and a mixture thereof;
- (ii) a fluorine-containing reactive compound monomer or alignmer selected from the group consisting of a fluoroalkyl-containing vinyl derivative, fluoroalkyl containing (meth)acrylate, fluorine polyacrylate, and a mixture thereof;
  - (iii) a silicone or fluorine containing resin, or a mixture thereof; and
  - (iv) a silicone or fluorine containing surfactant or oil, or a mixture thereof.

- 8. (currently amended) The composition organic mold according to claim 1, wherein the photoinitiator used in the resin composition is at least one of a free radical initiator selected from the group consisting of benzyl ketals, benzoin ethers, acetophenone derivatives, ketoxime ethers, benzophenone, benzo and thioxantone compounds, and mixtures thereof, and a cationic initiator selected from the group consisting of onium salts, ferrocenium salts, diazonium salts, and mixtures thereof.
- 9. (currently amended) A method for fabricating an organic mold, which comprises coating or casting the <u>a</u> resin composition recited in claim 1 for the organic mold on a pattern face of a mastermold, placing a support on the resin layer, irradiating the resulting laminate with an active energy ray to preliminarily cure the resin composition, lifting off the organic mold having a reverse pattern face to that of the mastermold and integrally formed with the support from the mastermold, and completely curing the organic mold <u>wherein the resin composition comprises:</u>
- (A) 40 to 90 parts by weight of an active energy curable urethane- based oligomer having a reactive group selected from the group consisting of (meth)acrylate, vinylether, arylether, and a combination thereof;
- (B) 10 to 60 parts by weight of a monomer reactive with the urethane- based oligomer, having a reactive group selected from the group consisting of (meth)acrylate, vinylether, arylether, and a combination thereof; and
- (C) 0.01 to 200 parts by weight of a silicone or fluorine containing compound, based on 100 parts of the sum of the components (A) and (B).

- 10. (original) The method according to claim 9, which further comprises adhering a soft or rigid backing having a curved or flat face to the bottom face of the organic mold.
- 11. (currently amended) A method for fabricating an organic mold, which comprises coating or casting a resin composition recited in claim-1 for the organic mold on a pattern face of a mastermold, irradiating the resin layer with an active energy ray to preliminarily cure it, pouring a UV- or heat-curable resin composition onto the cured resin layer as a backbone, heating or irradiating the resultant to completely cure the resin and the backbone layers, lifting off the organic mold having a reverse pattern face to that of the mastermold and integrally formed with the backbone layer from the mastermold, and completely curing the organic mold wherein the resin composition comprises:
- (A) 40 to 90 parts by weight of an active energy curable urethane- based oligomer having a reactive group selected from the group consisting of (meth)acrylate, vinylether, arylether, and a combination thereof;
- (B) 10 to 60 parts by weight of a monomer reactive with the urethane- based oligomer, having a reactive group selected from the group consisting of (meth)acrylate, vinylether, arylether, and a combination thereof;
- (C) 0.01 to 200 parts by weight of a silicone or fluorine containing compound, based on 100 parts of the sum of the components (A) and (B) and
- (D) 0.1 to 10 parts by weight of a photoinitiator, based on 100 parts of the sum of the components (A), (B) and (C).